SLO: I can identify and perform reflections. Problems worthy of attack prove their worth by fighting back. —Piet Hein THE ROAD TO WISDOM? Well, it's plain and simple to express. Err and err and err again, but less and less and less. — Piet Hein.

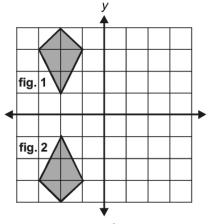
VOCABULARY (have your vocabulary sheet out EVERY day)

(1) TO DO: Use the links on my website to define and illustrate the following terms on the vocabulary sheet. If you do not have access to the website, use a geometry textbook (glossary and index) to define and illustrate them.

Reflection

(2) TO DO: For each diagram, (A) describe the transformation (include prime notation and the words translation, image and pre-image) (B) Write the coordinate notation, and (C) Write the short notation.

EXAMPLE



- (A) The preimage, figure 1, was reflected across the x-axis resulting in the image, figure 2.
- (B) (x, -y) pre

preimage

image

(C) \underline{r}_{x-axis}

(-3, 3) (-3, -3)

(-2, 4)

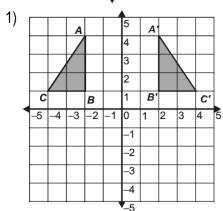
(-2, -4)

(-1, 3)

(-1, -3)

(-2, 1)

(-2, -1)



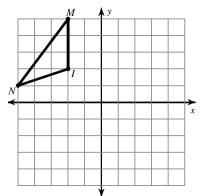
(A) _____

(B) _____ preimage

image

(C) _____

2)) reflection across the x-axis



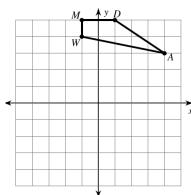
(A) _____

(B) _____ preimage image

(C) _____

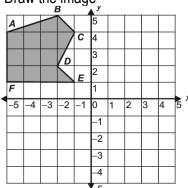
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3) reflection across the x-axis



- (A) _____
- (B) _____ preimage image

4) Draw the image



- (A) _____
- (B) _____ preimage image
- (C) $\underline{r_{y-axis}}$

5) Answer each regents question

- Quadrilateral MNOP is a trapezoid with $\overline{MN} \parallel \overline{OP}$. If M'N'O'P' is the image of MNOP after a reflection over the x-axis, which two sides of quadrilateral M'N'O'P' are parallel?
 - 1 $\overline{M'N'}$ and $\overline{O'P'}$
 - 2 $\overline{M'N'}$ and $\overline{N'O'}$
 - $\overline{P'M'}$ and $\overline{O'P'}$
 - 4 $\overline{P'M'}$ and $\overline{N'O}$

- Point A is located at (4,-7). The point is reflected in the x-axis. Its image is located at
 - 1 (-4,7)
 - 2 (-4,-7)
 - 3 (4,7)
- What is the image of the point (2,-3) after the transformation $r_{y-\text{axis}}$?
 - 1 (2,3)
 - 2(-2,-3)
 - 3(-2,3)
 - 4(-3,2)
- 6) Construct perpendiculars to line *m* through points A, B, and C. Find points A'B'C' on the perpendiculars you constructed such that A'B'C' is a reflection of ABC across line *m*. Compare the distances to *m* from ABC and from A'B'C'.

